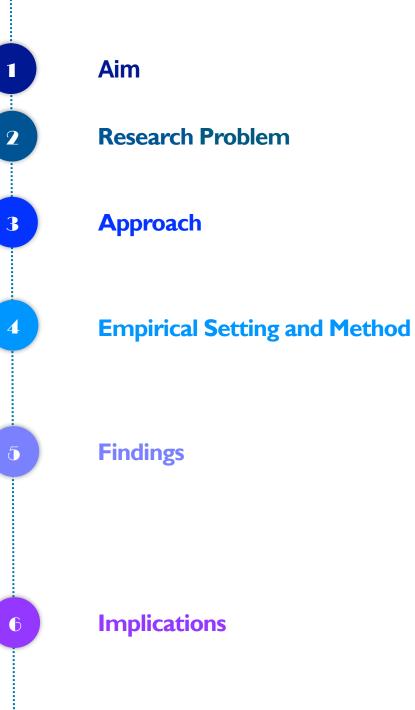


Social Identity and Relations: implications for home energy demand and peak load reduction in the UK

Prof. Sonja Dragojlovic-Oliveira

BIEE Conference - OXFORD 20th - 21st September 2023

PRESENTATION CONTENTS



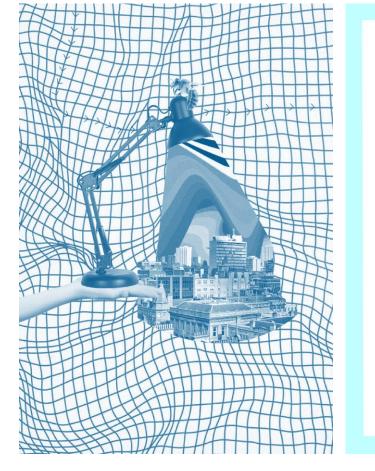


EPSRC (586K)

GLOW

Energy nested bio system flows from the home to the hub

[2022 - 2024]





BRISTOL

UNIVERSITY OF

BATH

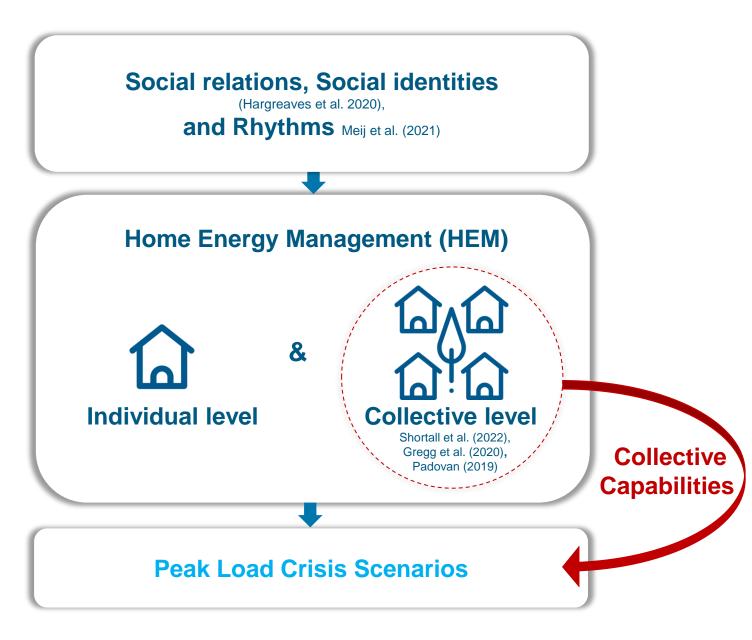
www.glow.arch.strath.ac.uk





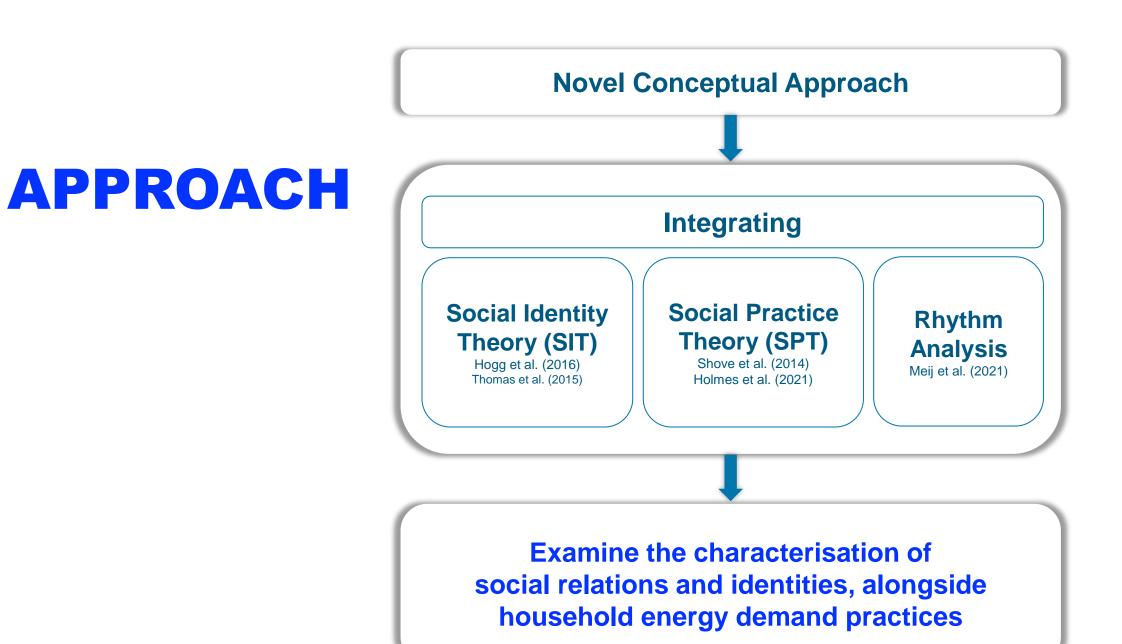
AIM

The aim of this research is to provide **new empirical insights into the collective capabilities** of individual homes to manage energy demand in **peak load scenarios** in the UK.



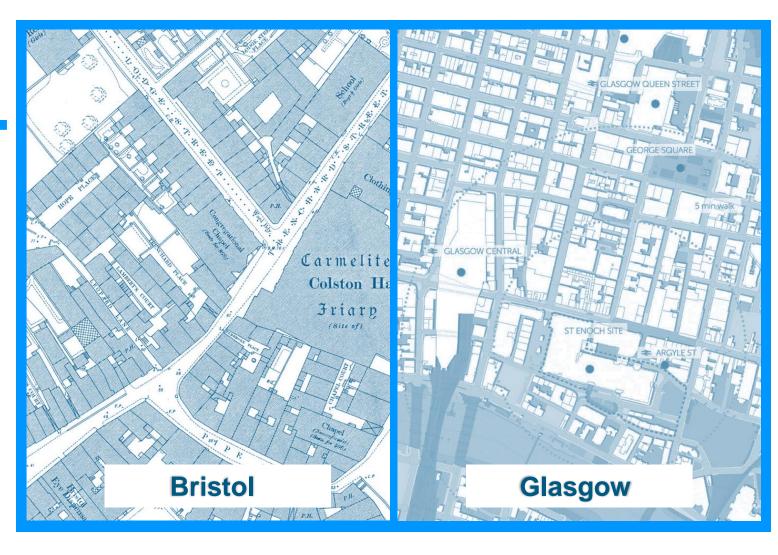
RESEARCH PROBLEM

- Lack of empirical evidence in the context of collective capabilities in smart energy systems. (Oliveira S. at el. 2023)
- Limited theoretical advances in the study of interconnected phenomena involved between social context and energy demand and between scales of the home and neighbourhood, with a dominant focus placed on individual homes and descriptive approaches. (Oliveira S. at el. 2023)
- How do collective social relations and identities influence home energy management practices in energy crisis scenarios such as peak load reduction?

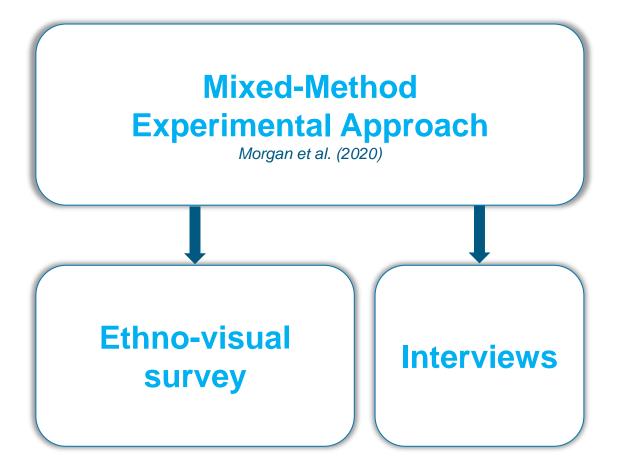


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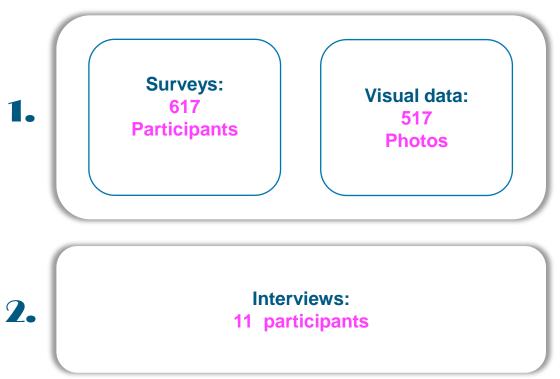
EMPIRICAL SETTING



METHODS



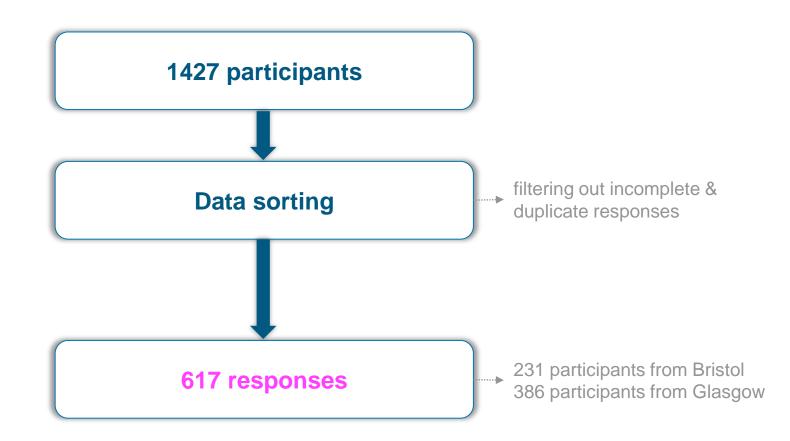
DATA COLLECTION 1.



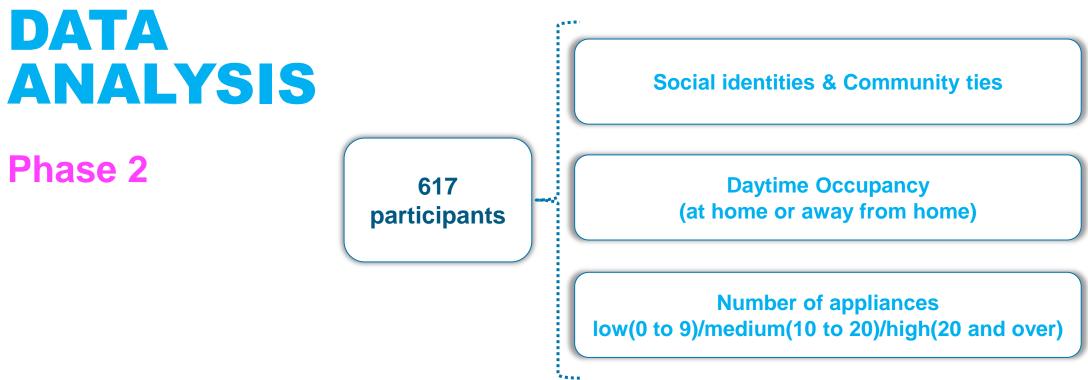
DATA ANALYSIS

Phase 1

In the initial stage, a survey was distributed using Qualtrics, with a total of 1427 participants taking part. After filtering out incomplete and duplicate responses, the final sample consisted of 617 participants, comprising 231 participants from Bristol and 386 participants from Glasgow.







ΗH

DATA ANALYSIS

The survey was designed to explore four key categories aligned with the project's overarching conceptual approach. (Oliveira et al. 2022)

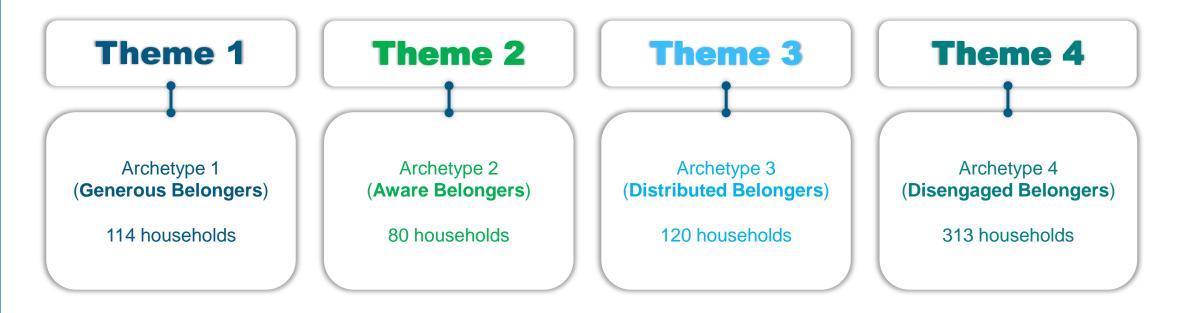
1. Participants' home spatial and social characteristics

2. Home energy management approaches

3. Neighbourhood approaches to energy and social dynamics

4. Home daily and weekly energy use and management routines

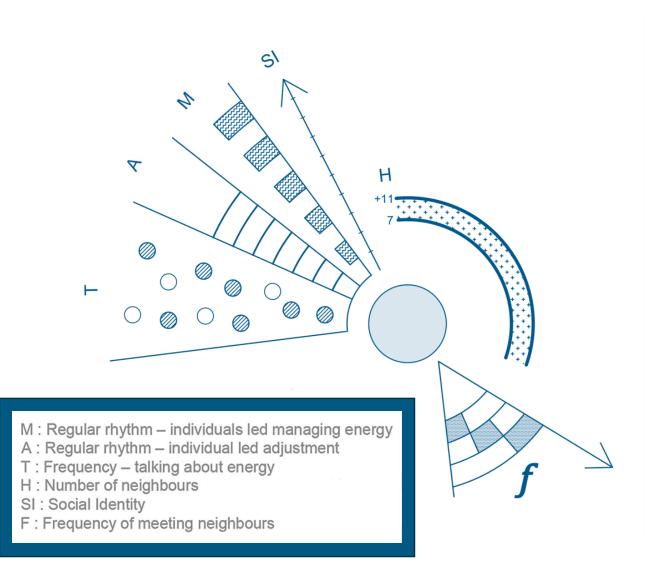
FINDINGS



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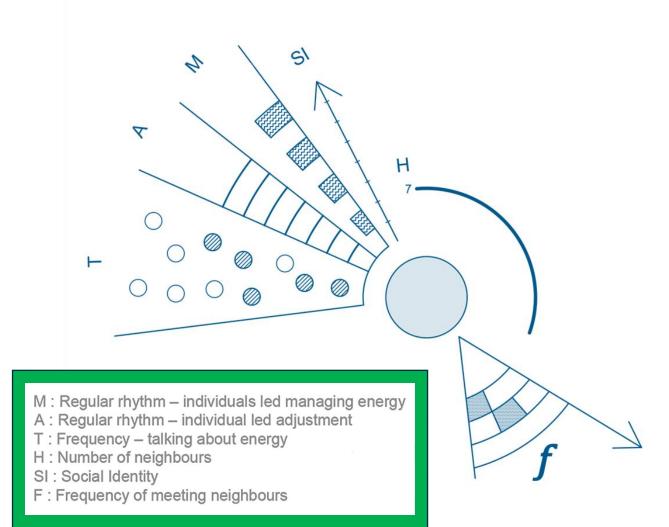
FINDINGS

Theme 1 Generous Belongers



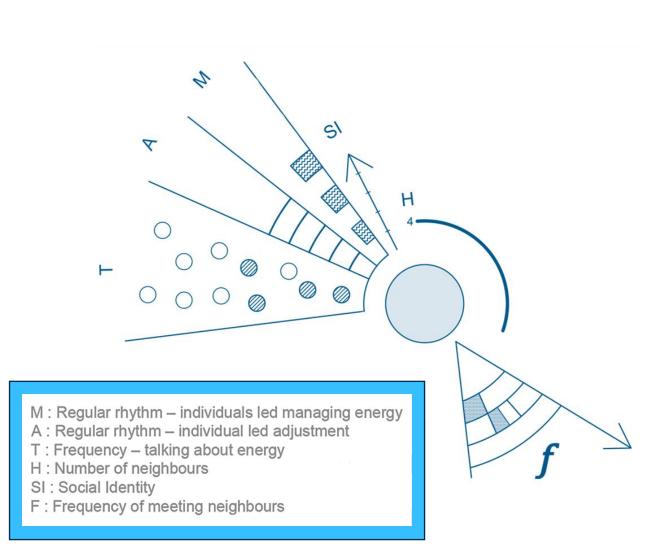
FINDINGS

Theme 2 Aware Belongers



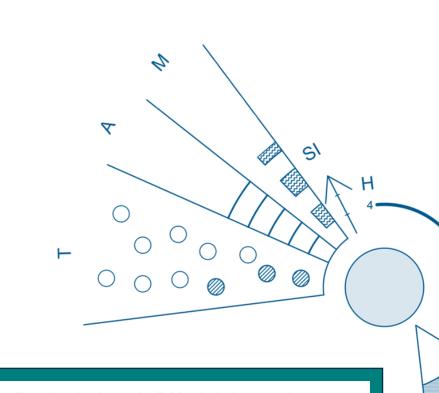
FINDINGS

Theme 3 Distributed Belongers



FINDINGS

Theme 4 Disengaged Belongers



- M : Regular rhythm individuals led managing energy
- A : Regular rhythm individual led adjustment
- T : Frequency talking about energy
- H : Number of neighbours
- SI : Social Identity
- F : Frequency of meeting neighbours

Implications



The implications of this research are twofold:

First, it offers a nuanced understanding of how social relations and identities influence energy management in households, particularly in energy crisis scenarios such as peak load reduction.

Second, this study has significant implications for the **development of smart energy system policies and flexible energy frameworks**, both in the UK and elsewhere.

Acknowledgements

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